# **Lesson - 1 GREEN PLANTS**

1.	The outer surface of the leaf has a waxy coating called					
2.	Exchange of gases occurs through in leaves.					
3.	helps in the growth of new plants.					
4.	means transfer of pollen grains.					
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li></ul>	Green plants are also called					
0. 7.	Tip of leaf is called					
8.	The broad flat part of the leaf is called					
9.	Plants attract pollinators through, and					
10.	eat and breakdown the remains of dead animals.					
Name them						
1	The basic source of food for all living things.					
2	Only living things which make their own food					
3	Food factories of plant.					
4	Leaves are green in colour due to the presence of					
5	Which part of the following plants are eaten as food and give one more example					
	Spinach					
	Mango					
	Sugarcane					
	Peas					
	Carrot					
6	Name a plant having red leaves					
7	Tiny pores present on lower side of leaves					
8	The chemicals used for bleaching					
9	A gas released by green plants during process of photosynthesis					
C	Correct the following statements by crossing the wrong words.					
1	A plant makes food in root / leaves					
2	During photosynthesis plant gives out oxygen / carbon-di-oxide					
3	The energy of sun is trapped in stomata / chlorophyll					
4	The process of preparing food is called photosynthesis / bleaching					
C	arbon-di-oxide + Water $\frac{sunlight}{chlorophyll} > $ + oxygen					
т	ara wants to find out whether cooked pasta contains starch. How can she find out?					

# Q.6 Match the following:

		A	В			
	1. A f	lower has	a. absorb water and minerals from the soil			
	2. Lea	aves are	b. make food for the plant			
	3. Gro	een leaves	c. food factories of plants			
	4. See	eds have	d. sepals and petals			
	5.Sto	mata are	e. the tiny opening in a leaf			
	6. Ro	ot hairs	f. a baby plant and a bundle of food.			
Q.7	Unscramble the word:					
	1. pol	nclrohlyl -				
	2. tars	she -				
	3. ger	iyox -				
	4. lsn	ughit -				
	5. twa	are -				
Q.8	Write	e true or false				
	1.	Leaves are green in c	olour due to the presence of chlorophyll.			
	2.	Roots are green in co	lour.			
	3.	Sugar is stored only i	n fruits.			
	4.	Plants help to clean the	ne air.			
	5.	Food produced is in t	he form of starch.			
	6.	Blue test show the pr	esence of starch			
	7.	Starch is present in p	otato.			

#### LESSON 2 WHERE PLANTS LIVE – ADAPTATIONS

	Name two plants in each case.	Some animals in the desert go
	Cone bearing plants	to sleep for long time during
	Plants growing in warm plains	
	Floating plants	behavior is know as aestivation.
	Plants growing in coastal area	
2	Fill in the blanks:	
)	Some plants have instead of flower	
)	Some plants shed their leaves to protect themse	1 1 1
)	Fungi cannot make their own food because the	y do not have water and shell like s
)	Plants take in carbon dioxide and give out oxyg	gen through the sponge
)	Moulds and mushrooms get their food from	
)	Local environment of a plant is called	_•
)	Desert plants that store water in their stem on leave	es are called
)	grow in marshy areas.	
)	Permanently frozen sub layer of soil in India region	is called
.3	Why do roots of mangrove trees have difficu	lty in getting air?
ns.		
ns.	photosynthesis. Was Megha right? Give reasons	
.5		
	Mark tick for correct and cross for wrong state	ment in the box:
	<ol> <li>Mark tick for correct and cross for wrong state</li> <li>Underwater plants have narrow leaves with</li> </ol>	
	1. Underwater plants have narrow leaves with	no stomata.
	<ol> <li>Underwater plants have narrow leaves with</li> <li>Spruce tree grows in hilly areas.</li> <li>Cactus and prickly pear are plants of marsh</li> </ol>	no stomata y areas
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	<ol> <li>Underwater plants have narrow leaves with</li> <li>Spruce tree grows in hilly areas.</li> <li>Cactus and prickly pear are plants of marsh</li> <li>Duck weed and water lily are floating plant</li> <li>Pine tree is a terrestrial plant.</li> <li>Trees which grow in hot and damp climates</li> <li>Read the clues and fill in the word puzzle:</li> </ol>	y areas. s sare called mangroves.  1. Arboreal animal 2. Floating plant

4. A tree th	at grows in co	The same and the s	
1100000117	at grows in co	astal areas	
NOCOCUT			
5. A non-gre	en plant		
MOOSHR	JM		
hat kind of plants	do aquarium have	? Why?	

Read the clues and unscramble the words given below.

**Q.7** 

## LESSON 3 - ANIMALS AND THEIR BABIES

<b>Q1.</b> 1.	Fill UPS: Largest single cell is
2.	The bee humming bird egg is the size of a small pea and weighs
3.	is the covering in which the caterpillar changes into a butterfly.
4.	The air space formed when the contents of the egg cool and contract after the egg is laid is called
5.	The process by which animals produce their own kind is called
6.	Name 2 mammals that live in water,
7.	grows into a frog.
8.	The process by which baby insect shed their skin before growing into adult
9.	Name one mammal which can fly
10.	A frog's egg hatch into
11.	Egg of the fish is called
12.	In an egg of bird the food for growing chick is stored in the
<b>Q2.</b>	Name the following -
a)	The portion of the egg where food is stored -
b)	Two animals whose life cycle have three stages
c)	A young one of cockroach
d)	Shedding of skin –
e)	The growing baby inside on egg-
f)	Larva of butter fly change in to
Q3.	Complete the table –
1.	Birds: eggs::cows:
2.	Caterpillar : leaves : : embryo :
3.	Butterfly: caterpillar:: bird:
4.	Cockroach : nymph : : housefly :
Q4.	State true or false.
1.	All animals lay 2 or 3 eggs only
2.	When they eggs of frogs hatch, baby frogs come out
3.	Mammals give birth to babies and feed their babies with their own milk
4.	Mammals do not have hair on their bodies
5.	Reproduction ensures the survival of the same kind

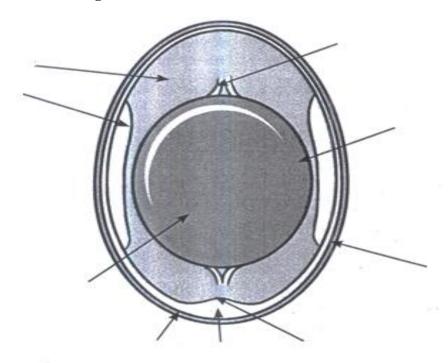
#### Q5. Tick the correct word.

- 1. Whales / seals lay eggs in water
- 2. Hatching means giving warmth to eggs/ young ones.
- 3. Insects do not care / care about their young ones.
- 4. Mammals / birds have hair on their body
- 5. Butterfly undergo three / four stags of growth and development.

## Q6. Give examples-

- a) Egg laying mammals \_\_\_\_\_\_
- b) Egg laying insects –
- c) Egg laying reptiles –
- d) 2 water animals that look like a fish but are mammals are \_\_\_\_\_

## Q7 Label the diagram.



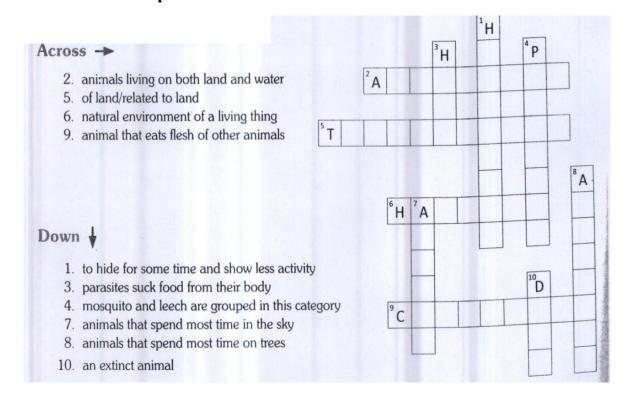
Parts of an egg

#### LESSON 4 - WHERE ANIMALS LIVE – ADAPTATIONS

# Q1 Answer in one word. 1. What is the ability to observe an environment using sound called? 2. What is the ability to blend into the surrounding environment called? 3. Name the only mammal that are capable of continued flight. 4. Name the animal that changes the colour of its fur to match with the surrounding. Name the special features that help the animals to live and grow in their environment. 5. $\mathbf{Q2}$ Fill in the blanks: \_\_\_\_\_ is a long winter sleep in animals. (a) Porcupine has \_\_\_\_\_\_ to protect itself. (b) (c) A giraffe is a \_\_\_\_\_ Fish have to swim with. (d) lay eggs in sand or soil. (e) \_\_\_\_\_means shedding of old skin. (f) (g) and \_\_\_\_\_ are water animals that look like a fish but are mammals. \_\_\_\_\_ live in air e.g. birds, bat. (h) (i) \_\_\_\_\_ live in water e.g fish, crab. spent most of their time on trees e.g monkey, squirrel. (j) (k) \_\_\_\_\_ live both on land and water e.g – frog, toad. live on or on the body of other animals e.g leech, lice, mosquito. (1) The process of adjustment of plants and animals according to the environment is called (m) feed on garbage and dead animals. They have sharp beak and claws. E.g –eagle, (n)

vulture.

#### Q.3 Solve the crossword puzzle



Q.4	Why do you think dinosaurs and dodos became extinct?				
Q.5	Why can birds fly but human beings cannot?				